



LEFTOVERS

If you've cooked too much food, quickly cool food and store leftovers at 41°F or below. When food sits out at room temperature, bacteria that causes illness can grow rapidly. Some foods--such as those containing animal products, cut melons and tomatoes, leafy greens, cooked vegetables and grainsshould be tossed after 4 hours at 41°F or above OR after 1 hour outside in 90°F or above. Follow these guidelines for handling leftovers safely to reduce of making you sick.

HANDLING AND STORING LEFTOVERS

- Throw away or compost any perishable food left at 41°F or above for more than 4 hours. This food is more likely to make you sick.
- · Cool leftovers quickly
 - Place foods like soups, stews or dips in shallow containers before refrigerating as they allow for quicker cooling
- Seal leftovers in storage containers or wrap leftovers in airtight packaging to prevent crosscontamination with other foods in your refrigerator and to maintain the quality of the food

THAWING FROZEN LEFTOVERS

- · Consider one of these four ways to thaw frozen leftovers safely
 - Refrigerate: Food should be at 41°F or below
 - Cool water: Submerge packaged food in running water, 70°F or below. If water cannot stay running, change water in sink or container every 30 minutes
 - Microwave: Cook food immediately after
 - Part of the cooking process: Allow at least 50% longer time to cook through
- Refrigerate (41°F or below) perishable leftovers as soon as the meal is over and eat leftovers within 7 days

PROTECT **LEFTOVERS** FROM POTENTIAL **CONTAMINATION**

REHEATING LEFTOVERS

- Use a digital, tip-sensitive thermometer to check the final temperature when reheating leftovers
 - Oven or Stovetop: Cook food to 165°F for minimum of 15 seconds
 - Microwave: Cook food to 165°F for minimum of 2 minutes within 2 hours
 - Cook, stir and/or rotate food for even cooking
- Only reheat food once, discard uneaten portions of reheated food
- Do not use hot holding equipment like slow cookers to reheat food